



MINI COURSE IN PEOPLESOFT QUERY

By Gregory Patterson

Multiple Tables

Working with Multiple Tables

When writing queries, it is very simple to retrieve information from one table. But sometimes there will be a need to retrieve information from more than one table. In these cases, you need to link tow or more tables in one query.

A record listed in your Record search may represent either a table or a view. A table physically stores specific data. A view is a logical representation of data and may consist of data from multiple tables.

Sometimes it is easier for the user to submit a request to the developers to create a view than it is to create multiple table queries. This way the user will only need to view one record in their query instead of accessing multiple tables and specifying additional criteria.

Joins

A join enables you to retrieve data from two or more records or specify criteria from more than one record. Whenever you perform a join, the records involved are linked based on common fields.

In Query, predefined joins can be generated as a "hierarchical" join or a "related record" join. Since these types of joins are predefined, you do not have to add any criteria to link the records.

Record A Hierarchical join uses records that are parents or children of each other. The hierarchical relationship is defined by the Parent Record definition in Application Designer. This is how the system "knows" the relationships.
 Related Record joins use records from non-hierarchical records that are related by common fields. For example, description tables for common codes are related records. This relationship is determined by the Prompt Table Edit defined for a field in the Application Designer.

Record Hierarchy Join

Returning to our prospect query, which uses the table ADM_PRSPCT_CAR, lets say we are now interested in which program and plan the potential students have shown interest in. This information turns out to be part of the record hierarchy. (As a rule of thumb, if the pieces of data you are looking for are in the same PeopleSoft component or grouping of pages, chances are the tables are all in the record hierarchy. The tables that hold the descriptions usually seen to the right if fields are on Related Records.)





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Records Query Expressions Prompts Fields	Criteria Having View SQL
Query Name: GJP_PROSPECT_CAR Description	🕻 Prospect Data
Click folder next to record to show fields. Check fields to add to query. Unch	heck fields to remove from query. Add 🛛 🖉
additional records by clicking the records tab. When finished click the fields	s tab.
Chosen Records	
Alias Record	
A ADM_PRSPCT_CAR - Admission Prospect Career	Hierarchy Join 📃
Check All Fields Uncheck All Fields	
Fields	<u>Find</u> View All 💿 First 🗹 1-22 of 22 🕑 Last
MPLID - EmpliD	Join PEOPLE SRCH-
	People Search View
🗹 🛯 🏷 ACAD_CAREER - Academic Career	Join STDNT_CAREER - 🏾 🌾

Click the Hierarchy Join link.

Select record for hierarchy join

The data we are looking for is in the ADM_PRSPCT_PROG and ADM_PRSPCT_PLAN tables. Click them one at a time to bring them into the Query. It's strongly recommended to add tables in the order listed and not skip any in the middle, even if you don't need data from that table. PeopleSoft will automatically create the join logic for you. To view the results, you'll need to look at the SQL View page. You can now add fields and criteria to your query based on information from any of the 3 tables.





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Chosen Records						
Alias Record						
A ADM_PRSPCT_CAR - Admission Prospect Career						
B ADM_PRSPCT_PROG - Admission Prospect Program joined with A	Hierarchy Join 🖃					
🗁 C ADM_PRSPCT_PLAN - Admission Prospect Plan joined with B	Hierarchy Join 🖃					
Check All Fields Uncheck All Fields						
Fields	Find View All 🛛 First 🗹 1-5 of 5 🕩 Last					
🔲 📴 EMPLID - EmplID	Join PEOPLE SRCH -					
🔲 🖙 ACAD_CAREER - Academic Career	Join STDNT_CAR_SEQ - %					
🔲 🖙 INSTITUTION - Academic Institution	Join INSTITUTION TBL-					
🔲 🖙 ACAD_PROG - Academic Program	Join ADM PRSPCT PROG -					
💌 🖙 ACAD_PLAN - Academic Plan						
Expand All Records Collapse All Records						

Related Record Joins

The related records are specific to a field in the current record. If a field has a related record, you will see the record displayed as a hyperlink next to the field. In this case, we want the description of the term to show rather than the four digit code.

Chosen Records							
Alias	Record	1	_				
🗁 А	ADM_F	PRSPCT_CAR - Admission Prospect Career	Hierarchy Join 📃				
		Check All Fields Uncheck All Fields					
	Fields		Find View All 💿 First 🕙 1-22 of 22 🕩 Last				
	V	阿 EMPLID - EmplID	Join PEOPLE SRCH-				
	V	🗁 ACAD_CAREER - Academic Career	Join STDNT_CAREER -				
		INSTITUTION - Academic Institution	Student Career				
	V	ADMIT_TERM - Admit Term	Join TERM_TBL - Term				

Typically, descriptions are in setup or definition tables. The names of those tables normally end with "_TBL". Click the link:





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Select join type	
Join Type	
 Join to filter and get additional fields (Standard Join) Join to get additional fields only (Left outer join) 	
OK Cancel	

Normally you will select the Standard Join. If the related table is effective dated, you will be notified. You can now select fields from the new table to be incorporated in the query results.

View All Rerun Query Download to Excel First 🗹 1-50 of 50 🕑 La						50 of 50 🕨 Last
	EmpliD	Term	Acad Prog	Acad Plan	Refri Srce	Career
1	AA0037	2001 Fall 🔓	FAU	ART	INQ	UGRD
2	AD5022	2001 Fall	LAU	BIOLBS	APPL	UGRD
3	AD5023	2001 Fall	FAU	ART	CRS	UGRD

Manual Joins

It is possible to do joins that aren't controlled by the system. In these cases, you are required to know the tables and how they should be joined together. In our example, it's decided that the Acad Plan code should be expanded to the plan description. There is no related table join suggested on the query page, but we know that the ACAD_PLAN_TBL table contains the description. Go to the Records tab and add the table by clicking the Join Table link.







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The Join Record page presents a list of tables already part of you query, and asks which one the new table should be joined to.

Select join type and then record to join with ACAD_PLAN_TBL - Academic Plan Table.

Join Type

💿 [Join to filter and get additional fields (Standard Join)

Join to get additional fields only (Left outer join)

Join Record	Customize Find 🏙	First 🛃 1-4 of 4 🕩 Last
A = ADM PRSPCT CAR - Admission Prospect Can	<u>eer</u>	
B = ADM PRSPCT PROG - Admission Prospect Pr	rogram joined with A	
C = ADM_PRSPCT_PLAN - Admission Prospect Pla	an joined with B	
D = TERM TBL - Term Definition Table joined with /	A.ADMIT_TERM - Admit T	erm

We will select the Standard Join and join the new ACAD_PLAN_TBL to the ADM_PRSPCT_PLAN table by clicking the appropriate link. The query manager looks for fields common in both tables and suggests that they all be used to join the two tables. We know that ACAD_CAREER should not be used for the join in this case so we uncheck it.

Auto Join Criteria
Query has detected the join conditions shown below. Use the checkboxes to unselect the criteria that you do not want to add to the query and click add criteria when done. The criteria added can always be modified later using the criteria tab.
C.ACAD_CAREER - Academic Career = E.ACAD_CAREER - Academic Career
C.INSTITUTION - Academic Institution = E.INSTITUTION - Academic Institution
C.ACAD_PROG - Academic Program = E.ACAD_PROG - Academic Program
C.ACAD_PLAN - Academic Plan = E.ACAD_PLAN - Academic Plan
Add Criteria Cancel

Click the Add Criteria button and now you can select fields from the new table.

				4		
		EmpliD	Term	Acad Prog	Descr	Refrl Srce
	1	AA0037	2001 Fall	FAU	Art (BFA)	INQ
	2	AD5022	2001 Fall	LAU	Biology (BS)	APPL
	3	AD5023	2001 Fall	FAU	Art (BFA)	CRS
	4	AD5024	2001 Fall	LAU	Biology (BS)	DPIN

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Outer Joins

There may be cases when doing joins where there is not enough data for the system to join the two tables. For example, we may want to see the name of the Prospects last school attended (instead of just the organization ID) but not all prospects have that data on file. With a regular join, those rows that did not have an organization ID simply would not be included in the query results. If we still want to see those rows, we need to do an "Outer Join". We know that the names of the schools are contained in the EXT_ORG_TBL record, so let's add it with a Left Outer Join type.

Select join type and then re	ecord to join with EXT_ORG_TBL -	External Organization Table.
Join Type		
🔘 Join to filter and get additi	ional fields (Standard Join)	
Join to get additional field	Is only (Left outer join)	
Join Record	<u>Customize Find 🗮</u>	First 🕙 1 of 1 🕩 Last
A = ADM_PRSPCT_CAR - Admis	ssion Prospect Career	
Cancel		

When we click the Join Record link in this case we get this warning:

Microso	rft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀				
	No join conditions were found between records A.ADM_PRSPCT_CAR - Admission Prospect Career and B.EXT_ORG_TBL - External Organization Table. (139,101)				
	Warning: This may result in a very large number of rows to be returned when running this query.				
	ОК				

Pay very close attention to this warning! Either make a join, or remove the table. In this case we happen to know that A.LAST_SCH_ATTEND is really the same as B.EXT_ORG_ID. We create a criteria to that effect and make it part of the outer join clause.





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Edit Criteria Properties Choose Expression 1 Type Field Expression Condition Type: *Condition Type: equal to *Choose Expression Choose Expression Prompt Subguery This criteria belongs to ON clause of outer join B			
Choose Expression 1 Type Expression 1 Field Expression *Condition Type: equal to *Condition Type: equal to *Condition Type: equal to *Field Expression 2 *Field Expression 2 *Constant Prompt *Subquery B.EXT_ORG_ID - External Org ID	Edit Criteria Properties		
• Field • Expression Choose Record and Field Record Alias.Fieldname: ALAST_SCH_ATTEND - Last Schoo • Condition Type: equal to equal to • Choose Expression 2 Type Field Expression Constant Prompt Subquery This criteria belongs to ON clause of outer join B K 	Choose Expression 1 Type	Expression 1	
Image: Second Alias.Fieldname: Image: Second Alias.Fieldname: Image: ALAST_SCH_ATTEND - Last School 'Condition Type: Image: Choose Expression 2 Type Image: Field Image: Expression Image: Choose Expression Image: Field Image: Expression Image: Choose Expressin	Eiold	Choose Record and Field	
Condition Type: equal to ·Condition Type: equal to ·Choose Expression 2 Type ·Field Expression Constant ·Prompt Subquery This criteria belongs to ON clause of outer join B ·Consel Cancel		Record Alias.Fieldname:	
*Condition Type: equal to Choose Expression 2 Type • ● Field Expression ● Constant • ● Prompt ● ● Subquery ■ This criteria belongs to • ON clause of outer join B • OK Cancel	CEXPLESSION	ALAST SCH ATTEND - Last Schoo	
*Condition Type: equal to Choose Expression 2 Type Field ● Field Expression ● Constant Prompt ● Prompt B.EXT_ORG_ID - External Org ID This criteria belongs to Image: Constant Cons		× ·····	
*Condition Type: equal to Order Field Expression Choose Excord and Field Constant Prompt Subquery B.EXT_ORG_ID - External Org ID			
Choose Expression 2 Type Field Expression Constant Prompt Subquery This criteria belongs to only for the provided of the provided	*Condition Type:	equal to	
Choose Expression 2 type Field Expression Constant Prompt Subquery This criteria belongs to ON clause of outer join B K Cancel Expression Cancel	Chasses Function 2 Trans	E-management 2	
Field Expression Constant Prompt Subquery This criteria belongs to ON clause of outer join B OK Cancel	Choose Expression 2 Type	Expression 2	
• Expression • Constant • Prompt • Subquery • Subquery • ON clause of outer join B • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	💿 Field	Choose Record and Field	
Constant Prompt Subquery This criteria belongs to ON clause of outer join B	Expression	Record Alias.Fieldname:	
Prompt Subquery This criteria belongs to ON clause of outer join B	Constant	B.EXT_ORG_ID - External Org ID	
Subquery This criteria belongs to ON clause of outer join B K OK Cancel	Prompt		
This criteria belongs to ON clause of outer join B	Subquery		
This criteria belongs to ON clause of outer join B			
ON clause of outer join B	This criteria belongs to		
	ON clause of outer join B		
OK Cancel		K	
	OK Cancel		

At this point the query still only returns rows where the LAST_SCH_ATTEND is actually populated. That's because the EXT_ORG_TBL is effective dated. We have to add a criteria that accounts for null effective dates.

Query Nam	Query Name: GJP_PROSPECT_CAR1 Description:					
Add Crite	eria Group Criteria Reorder Crit	ieria				
Criteria			Customize Find	First 🛃 1-5 of 5 🕨 Last		
<u>Logical</u>	Expression1	Condition Type	Expression 2	Edit Delete <u>Belongs to</u>		
AND	A.LAST_SCH_ATTEND - Last School Attended	equal to	B.EXT_ORG_ID - External Org ID	Edit 🖃 B		
	A.INSTITUTION - Academic Institution	equal to	PSUNV	Edit		
AND	A.ADMIT_TERM - Admit Term	equal to	0410	Edit		
AND	(B.EFFDT - Effective Date	Eff Date <=	Current Date	Edit		
OR	B.EXT_ORG_ID - External Org ID	is null)	Edit 📃		

Pay close attention to the AND/OR constructs and the criteria grouping. The results look like the following.

View All Rerun Query Download to Excel First 🛄 1-58 of 58					
	Career	Lst School	ID	City	Descr
1	BUSN		AD1081		
2	BUSN		AD1085		
3	BUSN	000010040	AD1079	San Jose	Evergreen Valley College
4	BUSN	000010125	AD1077	Chicago	Lexington College
5	BUSN	000010140	AD1078	Hubei Province	Wuhan University
6	GRAD	000010092	AD1003	Putney	Landmark College





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